

MATH 1B DISCUSSION WORKSHEET - 11/1/18

SEPARABLE DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS + ORTHOGONAL TRAJECTORIES AND MIXING PROBLEMS

1. SEPARABLE DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

- (1) Determine whether the following differential equations are separable. For each one, if it is separable, rewrite it in the form

$$g(y)dy = f(x)dx.$$

(a) $y' = e^y$

(b) $y' = 5y^3 - y^3 \sin(x^2)$

(c) $y' + 2xy = 4x$

(d) $y' = xy - 3x - 2y + 6$

(e) $yy' = e^{2x+4y}$

- (2) Solve the following IVP:

$$x \frac{dy}{dx} = 2(y - 4), y(1) = 7.$$

- (3) Solve the following IVP:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x^2 - 1}{xy}, y(1) = 3.$$

(4) Consider the following differential equation:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x(y - 5).$$

- (a) Find a general form for the solutions to this differential equation.
- (b) Note that during our process, we had to integrate $\frac{1}{y-5}$. Normally this would be fine, but it becomes problematic if $y = 5$. Do our solution curves ever run into this problem? Why or why not?
- (c) Now, let's consider the worst case scenario. Let's say I wanted to find a curve satisfying the above differential equation with the constraint $y(0) = 5$, Suddenly our separation doesn't work anymore! However, that doesn't mean we can't find a curve satisfying the differential equation.
- (i) Use Euler's Method and the point $y(0) = 5$ to approximate $y(2)$ with step size 1.
- (ii) What do you notice about the approximation?
- (iii) Using the approximation, guess what the solution to this IVP might be, and prove that it in fact satisfies the differential equation for all values of x .

2. ORTHOGONAL TRAJECTORIES

- (5) Guess the orthogonal trajectory for the family of curves $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$ containing the point $(3, 9)$ by drawing a picture. Then, determine the curve using the techniques we've learned.

- (6) Determine the orthogonal trajectory for the family of curves $xy + ry = 1$ for constant r .

3. MIXING PROBLEMS

- (7) A tank contains 1000 gallons of water 30 pounds of dissolved salt (which is a lot, I think). Salt water that has a concentration of 0.1 lbs/gal of salt enters the tank at a rate of 50 gal/hour. The solution is kept thoroughly mixed and drains from the tank into a second tank at the same rate. What is the concentration of the salt after 2 hours?

- (8) That second tank originally started out empty, and drains its mixture at a rate of 30 gallons per hour. Write a differential equation that can be used to model the salt content in the second tank.